

Province-wide assessment of grassland carbon storage:

challenges, opportunities and potential applications



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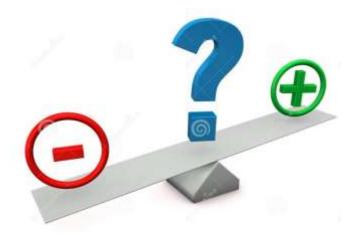
Grassland carbon storage assessment



Several studies have assessed grassland carbon storage under different management regimes and climate conditions

Potential impacts of management practices and future climatic changes

Adaptive land management practices





Lack of a province-wide dynamics tool for consistent assessment of grassland carbon storage

Ecosystem Services Assessment project



Part of a province-wide initiative: Ecosystem Services Research and Innovation Roadmap

Ecosystem Services

- Soil carbon storage
- Forage production
- Water purification
- Pollination
- Biodiversity
- Timber production

- Develop an integrated set of spatially-explicit ecosystem service models
- Support a better accounting of the provision and value of multiple services
- Assess potential future changes in ecosystem service provision











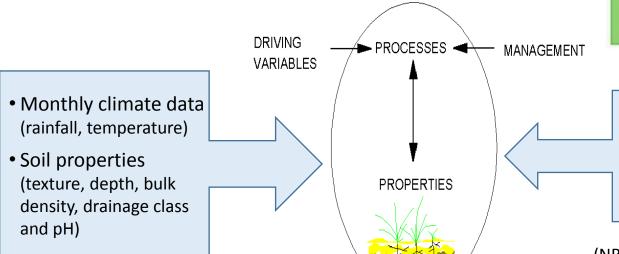
Grassland Carbon Assessment project



Assess the current and future status of organic carbon storage across Alberta's native grasslands

Establish a regional grassland carbon dynamics model

The ecosystem carbon model **CENTURY** (process-based)



Consumption Respiration

Photosynthesis

Plant biomass

Mineralization Crop and animal residues

Soil organic matter Loss via erosion

Carbon in soil organic matter

Decomposition in microbes

- Fire regime
- Land management history (grazing regime)

(NREL 2009; Parton et al. 1988)

Native grassland



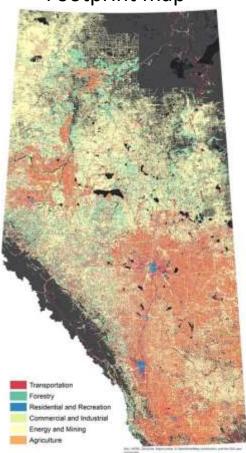
Where are the native grasslands located?

ABMI's Wall to Wall

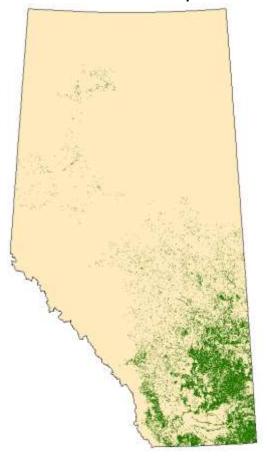
Land Cover map Landcover classes 31-Snowfice 50-Shrubland 110-Grassland 120-Agriculture 10-Coniferous Forest

230-Mixed Forest

ABMI's Human Footprint map



Alberta's Native Grassland map



Native grassland soil database



What is the appropriate spatial unit?

Agricultural Region soil map



The Agricultural Region of Alberta Soil Inventory Database AGRASID 3.0



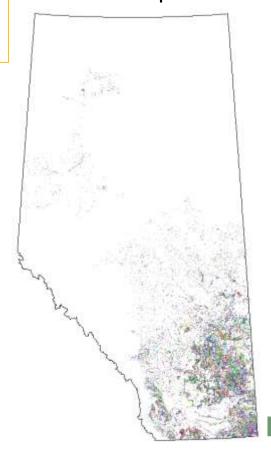
Native grassland soil database



25,093 soil polygons (1491 soil types)

CENTURY model run for each polygon (representing soil, climatic, vegetation and land management)

Native grassland soil map

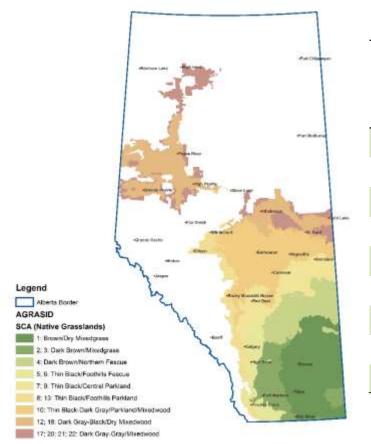


Grassland Soil Correlation Areas (SCAs)



What are the significant regions?

SCAs: generally agree with natural **ecoregion** boundaries, correlate strongly with **soil zone** lines, with further subdivisions reflecting recognized **agroclimatic zones**



Combined SCA name	Original SCA code(s)	Agroclimatic [–] zone	AGRASID	
			Soil types	Soil polygons
Brown Soil of Dry Mixedgrass	1	3A	75	4688
Dark Brown Soil of Mixedgrass	2,3	2AH, 2H	77	2012
Dark Brown Soil of Northern Fescue	4	2AH	39	2736
Thin Black soil of Foothills Fescue	5,6	2AH, 3H	49	1521
Thin Black soil of Central Parkland	7,9	2H, 3H	39	1753
Thin Black Soil of Foothills Parkland	8,13	4H	66	1929
Thin Black-Dark Gray Soil of Parkland	10	2H, 3H	84	3268
Dark Gray-Black Soil of Dry Mixedwood	12,18	2H, 3H	106	2151
Dark Gray-Gray Soil of Mixedwood	17,20,21, 22	4H (5H)	123	1495

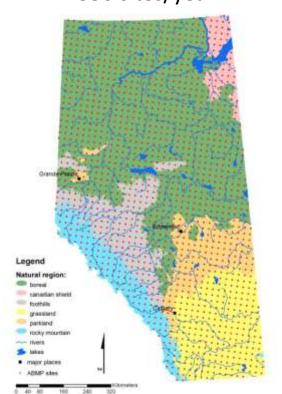
ABMI soil organic carbon monitoring program



What are the available soil carbon data?

Geo-referenced organic carbon measurement in the top (0-5 cm) mineral soil layer

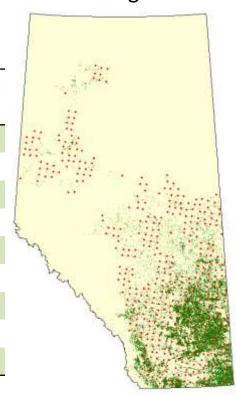
1656 sites (20 km apart), 350 sites/year



ABMI carbon data for grassland regions

Combined SCA name	ABMI sites	
Brown Soil of Dry Mixedgrass	110	
Dark Brown Soil of Mixedgrass	38	
Dark Brown Soil of Northern Fescue	53	
Thin Black soil of Foothills Fescue	29	
Thin Black soil of Central Parkland	24	
Thin Black Soil of Foothills Parkland	30	
Thin Black-Dark Gray Soil of Parkland	35	
Dark Gray-Black Soil of Dry Mixedwood	47	
Dark Gray-Gray Soil of Mixedwood	37	

Around **400** grassland monitoring sites



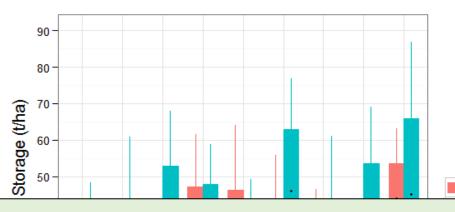
Establish a regional grassland carbon dynamics model



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What are the challenges?

- limitations of currently available data and scientific knowledge
- Model parameterization,
 calibration and va



Provides baseline estimates of current grassland carbon storage and associated uncertainty

Other available data:

- AESRD long-term biomass data
- Remotely sensed data (MODIS NDVI vegetation product)
- Rangeland Research Institute biomass and carbon data

The solution of the solution o

It's Our Nature to Know

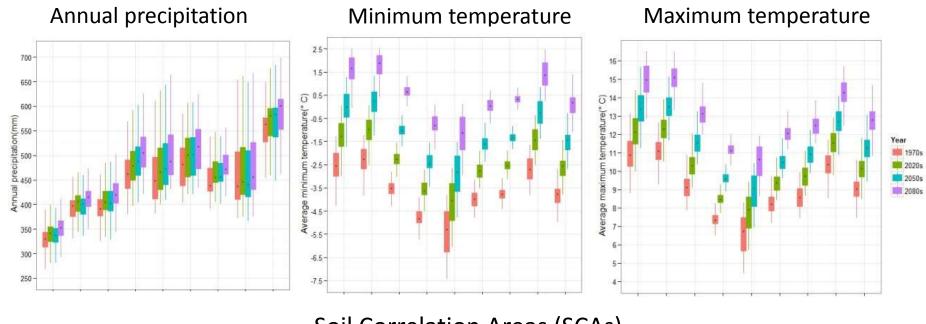
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Soil Correlation Areas (SCAs)

Climate projections for native grassland



Ensemble of 23 CMIP3 global climate models (A2 emission scenario) available through ClimateWNA (Wang et al. 2012)



Soil Correlation Areas (SCAs)

Projected changes in precipitation is smaller than the changes in temperatures

Predicting changes in grassland carbon storage



What are the applications?

Relative change in aboveground biomass carbon (%)

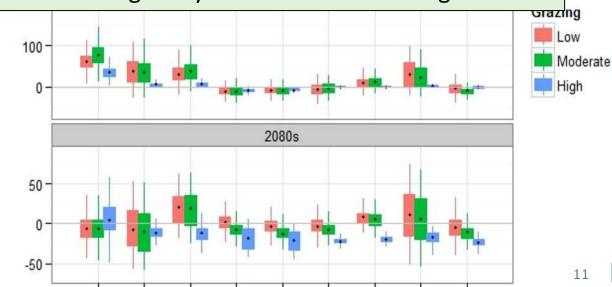
- Impacts of future land management practices
- Impacts of future climate



A baseline to assess whether management practices and adaptation strategies will lead to resilience of socio-ecological systems in Alberta's rangeland

change adaptation strategies

 Cost-benefit of potential adaptation strategies



It's Our Nature to Know

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Conclusion and future directions



Alberta needs a regional grassland carbon model

Science

- Knowledge review on grassland carbon storage and grassland carbon assessment
- A provincial database on grassland carbon storage and grassland managment history

Policy and management

 Guideline for land mangement practicies and climate change adaptation strategies



Thank you



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Collaborators





